REPORT



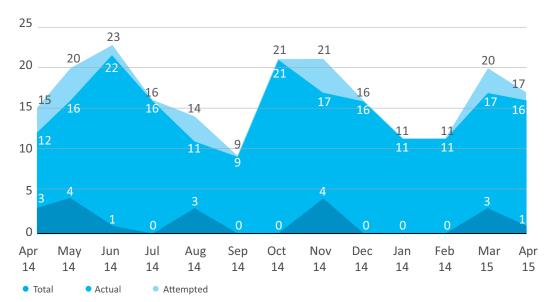


REPORT FOR 2015

Piracy and Armed Robbery against Ships in Asia



REPORT FOR Incidents of Piracy and Armed Robbery Against Ships in Asia in April 2015



Graph 1 - Number of incidents (April 2014 to April 2015)

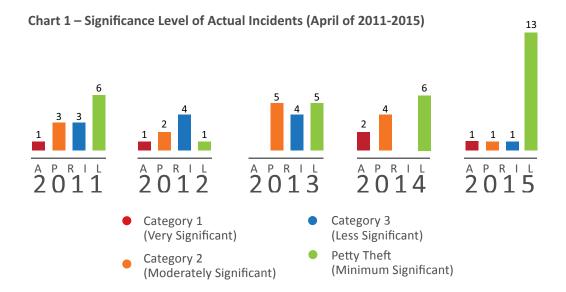
OVERVIEW

A total of 17 incidents were reported in Asia during April 2015. Refer to Graph 1 on the number of incidents reported between April 2014 and April 2015.

PIRACY VS ARMED ROBBERY AGAINST SHIPS

Of the 17 incidents reported in April 2015, two were piracy incidents, 14 were armed robbery against ships and one was an attempted incident. The two piracy incidents occurred in the South China Sea; one was a Category 1 case involving the siphoning of ship fuel from *Dongfang Glory* on 1 Apr 15, and the other was a petty theft incident onboard a bulk carrier while underway in the South China Sea.

Of the 14 robberies onboard ships, 10 occurred while the ships were underway in the SOMS, and four onboard ships while anchored/berthed at ports and anchorages in Malaysia, Indonesia and Vietnam.



SEVERITY OF INCIDENTS

Of the 17 incidents, 13 (76%) were petty theft; most of which occurred onboard vessels while underway in the SOMS.

Of concern was the continued occurrence of siphoning of ship fuel/oil incident which has been a Category 1 (very severe) case. There was one Category 2 armed robbery incident occurred onboard a bulk carrier underway in the Singapore Straits involving four perpetrators armed with long knives, tied up the oiler in the engine room while they took away the engine spares. The other incidents (Category 3 and petty theft) occurred onboard vessels in the Singapore Straits and at ports and anchorages in Vung Tau, Vietnam; Sandakan, Sabah, East Malaysia; and off Pulau Bintan, Indonesia. Refer to Map 2 on page 5 for approximate location of incidents reported in April 2015.

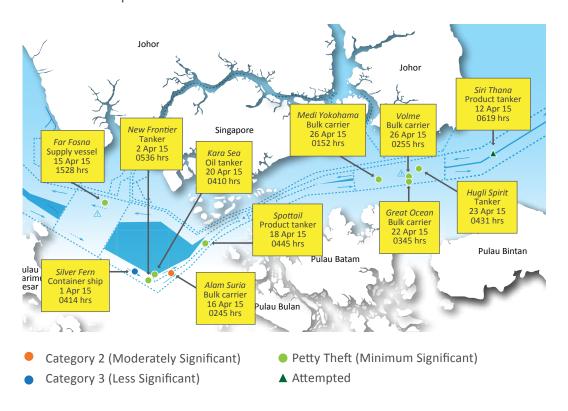
INCIDENT OF SIPHONING OF SHIP FUEL/OIL CONTINUES

On 1 Apr 15, 25 perpetrators armed with pistols boarded product tanker, *Dongfang Glory* and reportedly siphoned the ship fuel, stole the crew's personal belongings, and damaged the communication equipment before they escaped. This was the fifth incident of siphoning reported in this region since January 2015.

REPORT FOR Incidents of Piracy and Armed Robbery Against **APRIL 2015** Ships in Asia in April 2015

LOCATION WARRANTS COLLECTIVE EFFORTS

A total of 11 incidents, comprising of 10 actual and one attempted, were reported in the Singapore Strait (SS). Refer to Map 1 on the approximate location of the 11 incidents reported in the SS.



Conforming to previous trends, majority of the incidents reported in SS occurred when the vessels were underway in the eastbound lane of the Traffic Separation Scheme (TSS). Nine of the 11 incidents occurred in the eastbound lane. The two incidents occurred in the westbound lane were an attempted incident involving product tanker, Siri Thana on 12 Apr 15 and an incident onboard supply vessel, Far Fosna on 15 Apr 15.

Notably, four of the five incidents in the eastern part of the SS, i.e. north of Pulau Batam and Pulau Bintan occurred within an interval of five days (22-26 Apr 15). In these incidents, the perpetrators were sighted in the engine room or steering gear room and escaped empty-handed immediately when the crew raised the alarm.

REPORT FOR APRIL 2015

CONCLUSION

Incidents of siphoning of fuel/oil continue to occur in April 2015, and remains a key concern to the ReCAAP ISC and shipping industry. Early detection is essential in prevention of boarding. Ship masters and crew are advised to deploy extra security watches whenever possible and report any suspicious vessels to the nearest coastal states. The authorities are urged to step up surveillance efforts and response immediately to all reports. The ReCAAP ISC will continue to provide updates of the situation via its periodical reports and incident alerts to the shipping industry; and enhance cooperation with other stakeholders, such as the INTERPOL leveraging on its expertise in organised crime through its extensive network.

The ReCAAP ISC is mindful about the situation in SOMS, where perpetrators boarded ships while underway in the Singapore Straits during hours of darkness. Littoral States are strongly urged to increase presence and surveillance in their respective areas to deter perpetrators from committing such acts. Raising alarm and mustering of crew are effective in compelling the perpetrators to escape immediately as evidenced in the incidents reported.

REPORT FOR APRIL 2015

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Location of Incidents in April 2015



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REPORT FOR Contact Details of ReCAAP **APRIL 2015** Focal Points / Contact Point

COUNTRY & AGENCY IN CHARGE	Point of Contact		
	Phone No	Fax Number	
AUSTRALIA			
Border Protect on Command Australian Maritime Security Operations Centre (AMSOC) Email: AMIFC@customs.gov.au	+61-2-6275-6000	+61-2-6275-6275	
BANGLADESH			
Department of Shipping Email: info@dos.gov.bd	+88-02-9554206	+88-02-7168363	
BRUNEI			
National Maritime Coordination Centre Brunei Email: p2mk@jpm.gov.bn	+673-2233751	+673-2233753	
CAMBODIA			
Merchant Marine Department Email: mmd@online.com.kh	+85-5-2386-4110	+85-5-2386-4110	
CHINA			
China Maritime Search and Rescue Centre (Beijing) Email: cnmrcc@mot.gov.cn	+86-10-6529-2218 +86-10-6529-2219 +86-10-6529-2221	+86-10-6529-2245	
Maritime Rescue Coordination Centre (Hong Kong) Email: hkmrcc@mardep.gov.hk	+85-2-2233-7999 +85-2-2233-7998	+85-2-2541-7714	
DENMARK			
Danish Maritime Authority (DMA) <i>Email:</i> ReCAAP-FP-DK@dma.dk	+45-9137-6000	+45-9137-6001	
INDIA			
MRCC (Mumbai) Coast Guard Region (West) Mumbai – India Email: indsar@vsnl.net icgmrcc_mumbai@mtnl.net.in mrcc-west@indiancoastguard.nic.in	+91-22-2431-6558 +91-22-2438-8065	+91-22-2433-3727 +91-22-2431-6558	
JAPAN			
Japan Coast Guard (JCG) Ops Centre Email: jcg-op@mlit.go.jp	+81-3-3591-9812 +81-3-3591-6361	+81-3-3581-2853	
REPUBLIC OF KOREA			
Ministry of Oceans and Fisheries Operations Centre <i>Email:</i> piracy@gicoms.go.kr	+82-44-200-5895 to 98	+82-44-200-5886 to 88	
LAOS			
Department of Foreign Relations Ministry of Public Security Email: keomps@yahoo.com	+85-6-2121-2505	+85-6-2121-2505 +85-6-2121-2547	

REPORT FOR Contact Details of ReCAAP Focal Points / Contact Point

COUNTRY & AGENCY IN CHARGE	Point of Contact		
	Phone No	Fax Number	
MYANMAR			
MRCC Ayeyarwaddy (Myanmar Navy) Email: mrcc.yangon@mptmail.com.mm	+95-313-1650	+95-1202-417	
NETHERLANDS			
Dutch Coastguard Maritime Information Centre (MIK-NL) Email: mik-nl@kustwacht.nl	+31-223-658-382	+31-223-658-358	
NORWAY			
Norwegian Maritime Authority Email: morten.alsaker.lossius@sjofartsdir.no	+47-5274-5130 +47-5274-5000	+47-5274-5001	
PHILIPPINES			
Philippine Coast Guard PCG Action Centre-MRCC (Manila) Email: pcg_cg2@yahoo.com cg2@coastguard.gov.ph isc.cg2@coastguard.gov.ph	+63-2-527-3877 +63-2-527-8481 to 89 (ext: 6136/6137) +63-917-724-3682 (Text Hotline) +63-2-527-8481 loc6122	+63-2-527-3877	
SINGAPORE			
Maritime and Port Authority of Singapore Port Operations Control Centre (POCC) Email: pocc@mpa.gov.sg	+65-6226-5539 +65-6325-2493	+65-6227-9971 +65-6224-5776	
SRI LANKA			
Sri Lanka Navy Operations Centre Email: nhqsoo@navy.lk nhqhydrographer@navy.lk nhqdno@navy.lk	+94-11-244 5368	+94-11-244 9718	
THAILAND			
Royal Thai Navy Maritime Information Sharing Centre (MISC) Email: miscdutyofficer@misc.go.th	+66-2475-5432	+66-2475-4577	
UNITED KINGDOM			
National Maritime Information Centre Operations Centre <i>Email:</i> nmic-ws@mod.uk	+44 2392-211951	+44 2392-212024 Please indicate "FAO NMIC – A leg" if send via fax	
UNITED STATES			
USCG Rescue Coordination Center Alameda (RCCAlameda) Email: rccalameda@uscg.mil	+1-510-437-3701	+1-510-409-9437	
VIETNAM			
Vietnam Coast Guard Email: vietnamcoastguard@gmail.com vietnamfocalpoint@yahoo.com.vn	+84-4-3355-4378	+84-4-3355-4363	

Appendices Definitions & Methodology in Classifying Incidents

DEFINITIONS

Piracy, in accordance with Article 101 of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (UNCLOS), is defined as:

- 1. "Piracy" means any of the following acts:
 - (a) any illegal act of violence or detention, or any act of depredation, committed for private ends by the crew or the passengers of a private ship or a private aircraft, and directed:
 - (i) on the high seas, against another ship, or against persons or property on board such ship;
 - (ii) against a ship, persons or property in a place outside the jurisdiction of any State;
 - (b) any act of voluntary participation in the operation of a ship or of an aircraft with knowledge of facts making it a pirate ship or aircraft;
 - (c) any act of inciting or of intentionally facilitating an act described in subparagraph (a) or (b).

Armed Robbery Against Ships, in accordance with the Code of Practice for the Investigation of Crimes of Piracy and Armed Robbery against Ships of the International Maritime Organisation (IMO) Assembly Resolution A.1025(26), is defined as:

- 2. "Armed robbery against ships" means any of the following acts:
 - (a) any illegal act of violence or detention, or any act of depredation, or threat thereof, other than an act of "piracy", committed for private ends and directed against a ship, or against persons or property on board such ship, within a State's internal waters, archipelagic waters and territorial sea;
 - (b) any act of inciting or of intentionally facilitating an act described above.

Petty theft is defined as whoever, intending to dishonestly take any moveable property out of the possession of any person/vessel without the person/owner's consent, moves that property for private gains, is said to commit theft. For purpose of classifying an incident as petty theft, the classification methodology is adopted with the following pre-requisites:

- Incident meets the criteria to be considered as an act of armed robbery against ships, and
- Incident is categorised as a Category 3 incident, and
- The robbers who boarded the vessel were not armed or no reports that they were armed, and
- The crew of the vessel was not harmed or no reports that the crew was harmed.

APRIL 2015 Definitions & Methodology in Classifying Incidents

METHODOLOGY IN CLASSIFYING INCIDENTS

To provide some perspective on incidents of piracy and armed robbery, the ReCAAP ISC evaluates the significance of each incident in terms of two factors - the level of violence and the economic loss incurred. The indicators for these two factors are as follows:

- a. Violence Factor. This factor refers to the intensity of violence in an incident, and the three indicators used to determine this are:
- (1) Type of weapons used. Incidents of pirates/robbers who board a ship with no visible weapons are generally deemed as less violent compared to those equipped with pistols, knives, machetes, or other dangerous weapons. In cases where more sophisticated weapons are used, such incidents would be considered more violent.
- (2) Treatment of the crew. Incidents where pirates/robbers kill or kidnap crew are deemed to be more violent compared to petty thieves who flee upon being noticed. Other cases could include threatening crew members, assault, or serious injury.
- (3) Number of pirates/robbers engaged in an attack. As a rule, an incident where a larger number of pirates/robbers were involved would be considered more significant as having a large capacity (as well as probability) for use of force. A larger number of pirates/robbers may also indicate the involvement of gangs or organised syndicates rather than petty and opportunistic pirates who generally operate in small groups.

CATEGORY	SIGNIFICANCE OF INCIDENT
CAT 1	Very Significant
CAT 2	Moderately Significant
CAT 3	Less Significant
Petty Theft	Minimum Significant

b. **Economic Factor.** This factor takes into consideration the type of the property taken from the ship. Cases of theft of cash or personal effects are generally less significant incidents compared to cases where the entire ship is hijacked either for the cargo onboard or theft of the vessel.

Using these indicators, the ReCAAP ISC classifies all incidents into one of the four categories to determine their overall significance.

This classification of incidents allows the ReCAAP ISC to provide some perspective of the piracy and armed robbery situation in Asia.

APRIL 2015

REPORT FOR Information for Readers

List of Abbreviations

Below is a list of abbreviations that are commonly used in the reports published by the ReCAAP ISC.

A/B	Able Seaman		
ADF	Automative Diesel Fuel		
CE	Chief Engineer		
СРА	Chittagong Port Authority		
GMDSS	Global Maritime Distress and Safety System		
ICG	Indian Coast Guard		
IFC	Information Fusion Centre		
JCG	Japan Coast Guard		
MDO	Marine Diesel Oil		
MGO	Marine Gas Oil		
MMEA	Malaysian Maritime Enforcement Agency		
MOGAS	Motor Gasoline		
MSTF	Maritime Security Task Force		
OOW	Officer-on-Watch		
O/S	Ordinary Seamen		
PCG	Philippine Coast Guard		
PNP	Philippine National Police		
POCC	Port Operations Control Centre		
RMN	Royal Malaysian Navy		
RSN	Republic of Singapore Navy		
RTN	Royal Thai Navy		
SCBA	Self Contained Breathing Apparatus		
SCS	South China Sea		
Singapore PCG	Singapore Police Coast Guard		
SOMS	Straits of Malacca & Singapore		
SSAS	Ship Security Alert System		
SSSA	Sabah and Sarawak Shipowners' Association		
TNI-AL	Indonesian Navy		
TSS	Traffic Separation Scheme		
VTIS	Vessel Traffic Information System		
VTMS	Vessel Traffic Management System		

The time of incidents indicated in this report is in local time.

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REPORT FOR APRIL 2015

Description of Incidents

Actua	al Incidents			ery Significant) Ioderately Significant)	Category 3 (Less Significant)Petty Theft (Minimum Significant)
s/N	SHIP NAME, TYPE OF SHIP, FLAG, IMO NO., GT	DATE TIME	LOCATION OF	DETAILS OF INCIDENTS	
1	Silver Fern Container ship Panama 13310 9136591	01/04/15 0414 hrs	01° 04.13′ N, 103° 36.55′ E SOMS	some tools boarded the of The master mustered cre Indonesian authorities wh	erpetrators armed with knives and container ship from two small boats. Ew on the bridge and informed the no boarded the vessel and conducted ghting of perpetrators and the crew gine spares were stolen.
				[ReCAAP Focal Point (Sin	gapore)]
2	Dongfang Glory Product tanker Malaysia 4347 9554872	01/04/15 2030 hrs	02° 04.76′ N, 107° 14.13′ E SCS	boarded the product tanke 62 nm north of Pulau Uw cargo from the vessel (wh of petrol and 1,000 tonner personal belongings. The the cargo into another ves equipment before they	5-25 perpetrators armed with pistols er from a speedboat at approximately vi, Indonesia. The perpetrators stole nich reportedly carried 4,000 tonnes is of diesel at the time) and the crew's perpetrators reportedly transferred issel and damaged all communication escaped. The crew was safe and vito Labuan, East Malaysia after the
				[ReCAAP Focal Point (Sin	gapore)]
3	New Frontier Tanker Hong Kong, China	02/04/15 0536 hrs	01° 03.23′ N, 103° 38.83′ E SOMS	engine room. A search of	perpetrators were sighted in the the the vessel was later conducted but to found. The crew was not injured
	156726 9379727			[ReCAAP Focal Point (Sin	gapore)]
4	Kota Wisata Container ship Singapore 17125 9071208	03/04/15 0800 hrs	10° 07.40′ N, 107° 05.90′ E Vung Tau anchorage, Vietnam	on the poop deck carrying two drums of chemical engineer, the perpetrato and jumped overboard. bridge immediately and the second carrying the seco	and engineer sighted five perpetrators in group buckets of hydraulic oil and product. Upon seeing the second is threw the stores into the water. The second engineer informed the ne crew was mustered. A search was not to the steering gear room was found injured.
				[ReCAAP Focal Point (Sin	gapore)]
5	Voge Fantasy General cargo ship Liberia 19354 9117600	03/04/15 1300 hrs	05° 48′ N, 118° 05′ E Sandakan port berth No. 4, Malaysia	ship. The alarm was rais seeing that the crew h	petrators boarded the general cargo sed and the crew mustered. Upon as been alerted, the perpetrators property. The local police boarded
				[IMO]	
6	Northern Vigour Container ship Portugal 30700	06/04/15 0030 hrs	10° 16.09′ N, 107° 00.29′ E Outer buoy, Vungan,	the container ship unno damaged and a total of 70	own number of perpetrators boarded ticed. The paint storage door was 00 litres of paint was missing.
	9304708		Vietnam	[ReCAAP Focal Point (Vie	uiaiiij

S/N	SHIP NAME, TYPE OF SHIP, FLAG, IMO NO., GT	DATE TIME	LOCATION OF INCIDENT	DETAILS OF INCIDENTS
7	<i>Grand Rodosi</i> Vehicle carrier Liberia 27286 9210000	11/04/15 0350 hrs	01° 25′ N, 104° 37′ E Approximately 12 nm north- northeast of Pulau Bintan, Indonesia	While at anchor, the duty A/B spotted perpetrators on the poop deck and informed the duty officer immediately. The alarm was raised and the crew alerted. Realising that the crew had been alerted, the perpetrators escaped empty-handed. [IMO]
8	Far Fosna Supply vessel Norway 2766 9060364	15/04/15 1528 hrs	01° 12.60′ N, 103° 33′ E SOMS	While the supply vessel towing an unmanned drillship, <i>Noble Paul Wolff</i> was underway, the crew sighted a few perpetrators boarded the drillship from a sampan. The sampan was later sighted casting off from the drillship. As the length of tow is long, it was not determined if anything had been stolen from the drillship. [Recap Focal Point (Singapore)]
	Alam Suria	16/04/15	01° 03.90′ N,	While underway, four perpetrators armed with parangs (long
9 Bulk carrier Panama 17986	0245 hrs 103° 41.46′ E SOMS	knives) boarded the bulk carrier from a boat and tied up the oiler in the engine room. The perpetrators escaped later with four sacks of engine spares.		
	9561916			[ReCAAP Focal Point (Singapore)]
10	Spottail Product tanker Marshall Islands 40975 9409479	18/04/15 0445 hrs	01° 07.56′ N, 103° 45.52′ E SOMS	While underway, a perpetrator was sighted onboard the product tanker. The alarm was raised and noting that the crew had been alerted, the perpetrator jumped overboard and escaped empty-handed in a speed boat.
	9409479			[ReCAAP Focal Point (Singapore)]
1	Kara Sea Oil tanker Singapore 59180 9402328	20/04/15 0410 hrs	01° 04′ N, 103° 40′ E SOMS	While underway, the engineer and oiler sighted four perpetrators in the engine room. The alarm was raised and a search was conducted. Noting that the crew had been alerted, the perpetrators escaped empty-handed. The crew was not injured. Based on the preliminary investigation, the master reported that the perpetrators could have boarded the vessel either when the vessel was crossing the westbound lane of the TSS or when the pilot disembarked from the vessel.
				[ReCAAP Focal Point (Singapore)]
12	Xuan Hieu Group 19 Bulk carrier Vietnam	20/04/15 2230 hrs	03° 36.63′ N, 104° 18.43′ E SCS	While underway, an unknown number of perpetrators boarded the vessel, stole the crew's cash and personal belongings, before escaping. Investigation is ongoing.
	9563316			[ReCAAP Focal Point (Vietnam)]
13	Great Ocean Bulk carrier Hong Kong, China 44543 9592109	22/04/15 0345 hrs	01° 15.30′ N, 104° 10.30′ E SOMS	While underway, five perpetrators were sighted in the engine room. The alarm was raised and the crew mustered. A search was conducted but the perpetrators could not be found. The crew was not injured and nothing was stolen. [Recap Focal Point (Singapore)]

REPORT FOR Description of Incidents **APRIL 2015**

S/N	SHIP NAME, TYPE OF SHIP, FLAG, IMO NO., GT	DATE TIME	LOCATION OF INCIDENT	DETAILS OF INCIDENTS
14	Hugli Spirit Tanker Bahamas 29242 9283784	23/04/15 0431 hrs	01° 16.85′ N, 104° 11.38′ E SOMS	While underway, five perpetrators were sighted in the steering gear room. The alarm was raised and the crew mustered. A search was conducted but the perpetrators could not be found. The crew was not injured and nothing was stolen. [Recap Focal Point (Singapore)]
1 5	Medi Yokohama Bulk carrier Panama 32370 9660592	26/04/15 0152 hrs	01° 15.55′ N, 104° 06.73′ E SOMS	While underway, two perpetrators were sighted in the engin room. The alarm was raised and the crew mustered. A searc was conducted but the perpetrators could not be found. Th crew was not injured and nothing was stolen. [ReCAAP Focal Point (Singapore)]
16	Volme Bulk carrier Bahamas 29414 9284544	26/04/15 0255 hrs	01° 15.81′ N, 104° 10.28′ E SOMS	While underway, six perpetrators were sighted in the engin room. The alarm was raised and the crew mustered. A searc was conducted but the perpetrators could not be found. Th crew was not injured and nothing was stolen. [Recap Focal Point (Singapore)]

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REPORT FOR Description of Incidents **APRIL 2015**

Attempted Incident

S/N	SHIP NAME, TYPE OF SHIP, FLAG, IMO NO., GT	DATE TIME	LOCATION OF INCIDENT	DETAILS OF INCIDENTS
17	Siri Thana Product tanker Thailand 3104	12/04/15 0619 hrs	01° 19′ N, 104° 21′ E SOMS	While underway, the master sighted a speed boat trying to approach the product tanker. The speed boat subsequently aborted the attempt. [Recap Focal Point (Thailand)]